## CEEP PV PLANNER® OVERVIEW

For over two decades, the Center for Energy and Environmental Policy (CEEP) has investigated the technical and economic feasibility of using solar electric power (provided by commonly termed 'photovoltaic' (PV) technology or 'solar cells'). CEEP has worked with the U.S. National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) and others for 16 years on the development of *PV Planner*<sup>©</sup> software to analyze the benefits of PV technology. *PV Planner*<sup>©</sup> utilizes a vast quantity of data to model the physical, economic, financial and policy contexts specific to the area where the PV system is being installed.

For U.S. applications, *PV Planner*<sup>©</sup> employs the Typical Meteorological Year 3 (TMY3) data set developed at NREL which relies upon over 1,000 weather stations across the U.S. to obtain temperature, insolation and other data relevant to the estimation of PV cell output. The performance of a PV system is reported using several metrics including present value, payback period, benefit-cost ratio, internal rate of return, cash flows and levelized costs. Because policy is constantly developing (particularly with the addition of new incentives to promote renewables), *PV Planner*<sup>©</sup> is regularly upgraded to reflect new policy measures.

CEEP has been able to demonstrate potential savings/benefits of PV systems under different configurations and policy options in several peer-reviewed, published papers, for locations in the U.S. (including Delaware) and abroad. Additionally, CEEP has modeled social and environmental co-benefits from the use of solar-generated electricity, including analyses of policy options to capture these co-benefits. Using *PV Planner*<sup>©</sup>, revenue streams from Solar Renewable Energy Credits (SRECs) and other policies (e.g., federal investment tax credit, rebates, the modified accelerated cost recovery system etc.) can be accurately accounted for in the financial analysis of PV system operations.



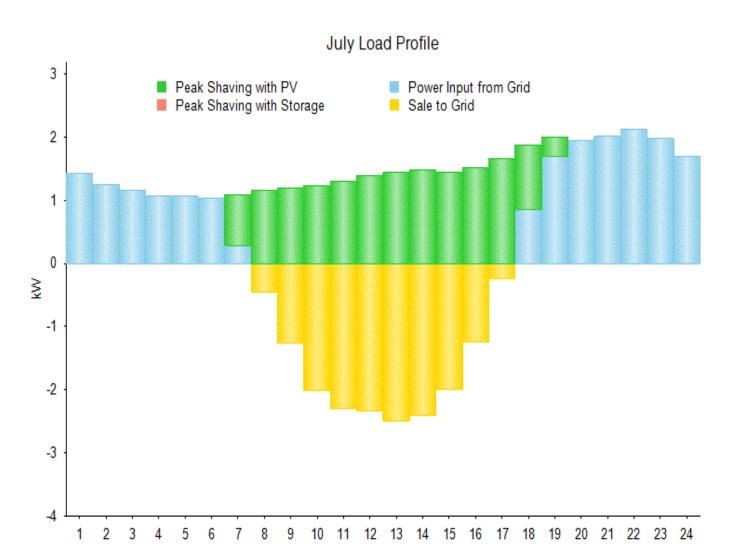
# CEEP PV PLANNER® INPUTS

(Total Inputs ≈ 100)

	List of Key Inputs	Tier 1	Tier 2
1.	Size of PV Array in kWp	7.5 kW <sub>p</sub>	250 kW <sub>p</sub>
2.	Type of Modules (Crystalline, Mono-crystalline, Amorphous)	Crystalline	Crystalline
3.	Annual Performance Degradation Rate	0.5%	0.5%
4.	Slope of Array	25°	10°
5.	Array Orientation	South	South
6.	Size of Inverter in kWp	7.5 kW <sub>p</sub>	250 kW <sub>p</sub>
7.	PV System Cost in \$/Wp	\$6,000	5,500
8.	Inverter Replacement Year	13	13
9.	Annual Maintenance Costs in \$	\$175	\$1,000
10.	Annual Cost Escalation Rate in % [e.g., for Inflation adjustment]	2%	2%
11.	Inverter Replacement Costs in \$/kW	\$534	\$534
12.	Share of Loan in the Capital Cost in %	80%	70%
13.	Loan Interest Rate in %	6%	6%
14.	Loan Duration in Years	10	10
<b>15.</b>	Share of Loan for Inverter Replacement in Year 13	80%	0%
16.	Discount Rate (same as cost of equity) in %	6%	10%
17.	Combined Incremental Federal and State Tax Rate %	33%	40%
18.	Capital Tax Depreciation Method	NA	MACRS 5-Yrs
19.	Evaluation Period in Years	25	25
20.	State or Local (e.g., municipal, utility) Rebates or Grants on Initial	\$7,131	-
	Cost of Capital in % or \$/Wp State Tax Credits if any in %		
21.	Electricity Rates (cents/kWh)	14 cents/kWh	8.5 cents/kWh (PPA)
22.	Electricity Rates (\$/kW)	-	-
23.	Electricity Rate Annual Rate Escalation	1%	1%
24.	Is Income from SRECs Taxable?	Yes	Yes
25.	SREC Price for 1 <sup>st</sup> 10 Years (\$/MWh)	290	270
26.	SREC Price for Year 11 through 20	50	50



### **CEEP PV PLANNER© SELECTED OUTPUTS**



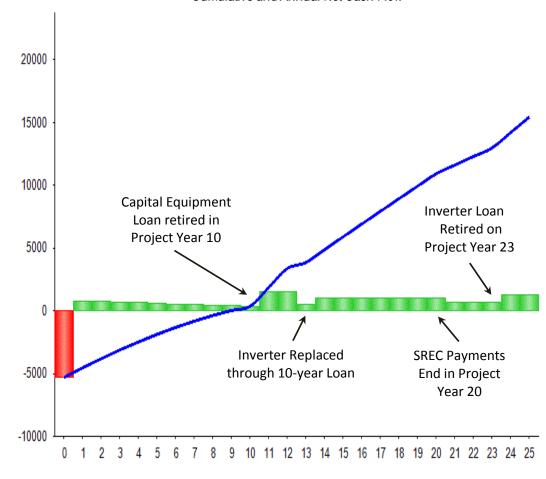
# CEEP PV PLANNER® SELECTED OUTPUTS



Year	Annual Net	Cumulative
	Cash Flow	Cash Flow
0	(\$5,301)	(\$5,301)
1	\$768	(\$4,534)
2	\$729	(\$3,805)
3	\$688	(\$3,117)
4	\$645	(\$2,473)
5	\$600	(\$1,873)
6	\$552	(\$1,320)
7	\$503	(\$818)
8	\$450	(\$368)
9	\$395	\$28
10	\$337	\$365
11	\$1,506	\$1,871
12	\$1,507	\$3,379
13	\$472	\$3,851
14	\$1,029	\$4,880
15	\$1,023	\$5,903
16	\$1,018	\$6,921
16	\$1,011	\$7,932
18	\$1,005	\$8,937
19	\$998	\$9,935
20	\$990	\$10,925
21	\$690	\$11,615
22	\$683	\$12,298
23	\$675	\$12,973
24	\$1,229	\$14,202
25	\$1,231	\$15,434

# Residential Rooftop Application: 7.5 kW<sub>p</sub> Initial Yearly Generation: 9,634 kWh





CEEP PV PLANNER® SELECTED OUTPUTS
Commercial Rooftop Application (10° tilt): 250 kW<sub>p</sub>



<sup>\*</sup> Undiscounted

### **Initial Yearly Generation: 308.5 MWh**

Summary (Present Value)							
Benefits		Costs					
Demand Bill Savings:	\$0.00	Initial Net Capital Cost:	\$851,230.04				
Energy Bill Savings:	\$247,099.29	O&M Cost:	\$60,843.40				
Energy Sale Revenue:	\$0.00	Tax on Bill Savings:	\$98,839.71				
Tax Deduction:	\$444,884.01	Tax on Sales to Grid:	\$0.00				
Emission Reduction Benefits:	\$0.00	Tax on Rebates & RECs:	\$234,724.01				
RECs:	\$586,810.02	Property Taxes:	\$0.00				
Total	\$1,278,793.31	Total	\$1,245,637.16				

### Financial Performance Indicators

### Levelized Cost of Electricity (LCOE)

Net Present Value (NPV): \$33,156.15 LCOE with Tax Deductions: 17.31 c/kWh
Internal Rate of Return (IRR): 13.78 % LCOE with SREC Benefits: 4.26 c/kWh
Payback Year on Initial Capital: 9.21
Payback Year on Equity: 2.71 SREC Break-Even Price in Yr 1: 267 \$/MWh

Benefit Cost Ratio (BCR) 1.03

### First Year Result Month Original Original Peak Energy Net Reverse Demand Sales to Energy Demand Energy Shaving Savings System Energy Bill Bill Grid (kW) (kWh) (kW) (kWh) Energy Flow Savings Savings (\$) (kWh) Gen. (\$) (\$) (kWh) 545.8 300,650 0.00 16,265 16,265 1,383 January February 505.5 248,448 0.00 19,455 19,455 1,654 March 463.6 251,610 0.00 28,345 28,345 2,409 April 343.1 181,164 0.00 30,106 30,106 2,559 May 355.4 190,270 0.00 33,763 33,763 2,870 June 412.7 215,183 0.00 35,301 35,301 3,001 475.3 2,971 July 254,263 0.00 34,953 34,953 August 469.2 259,573 0.34 31,440 31,440 2,672 September 388.2 204,207 0.00 26,820 26,820 0 2,280 October 369.5 200,641 0.00 22,886 22,886 0 1,945 November 424.0 222,958 0.00 15,189 15,189 0 1.291 December 486.3 266,963 0.00 14,009 14,009 0 1,191 Total 5,238.6 2,795,930 0.34 308,533 308,533 26,225

